Approved For Release 2004/78/73? ETA-RDP88-01315R000300600015-0n & James A's evasion casts doubts on the integrity

CLA's evasion casts doubts on the integrity of US journalists and others working abroad

Mr Ford fails to act over spies

From James Reston Washington, April 28

overseas operations of the Central Intelligence Agency, the Senate intelligence com-mittee confirms that the CIA has been using United States reporters, academics, and even religious leaders as paid spies, but refuses to disclose the names of those involved.

Moreover, according to the committee, this practice is still going on, and all efforts by officials of the universities, churches and the media to get the facts so that the practice

This raises troubling questions, the Senate committee observes, about preservation of the integrity of American academic institutions. It does more than that; it casts doubt on the operations of all media, religious and academic representatives abroad, without giving their institutions the opportunity of defending themselves against the corruption of their work. Several observations about this were made:

1. For years leading Ameriand received from the CIA assurances that none of their staff members was being used by the CIA as paid informers.

2. The answer usually given by the CIA was that this prac-tice was common some time ago

intelligence committees closed that this was not true

In its censored report on the they asked for a private list so they could clean house.

Still the Senate committee Still the berrate committee report says that the CIA had covert relationships with about 50 American journalists or employees of United States media organizations until February, 1976, and continues to have relationships with more than half of them.

It adds that more than a

It adds that more than a dozen United States news forganizations and commercial publishing houses formally provided cover for CIA agents abroad. A few of these organizacan be stopped, have been tions were unaware that they evaded by the CIA for years.

provided this cover provided this cover inference

provided this cover.

This invites the inference that most of these news organizations and commercial publishing houses knowingly provided cover for spies and still do so, thus leaving the reader without a clue as to which news organizations are innocent and which are guilty of misleading the pubic. of misleading the pubic.

A distinction should probably be made here between normal obstacts by reporters with CIA agents, and using reporters as paid CIA agents. American reporters assigned abroad often seek information from CIA officials, and have usually found their information to be accurate, if not always complete.

particularly during the Vietnam war, often led to exchanging of informaleast as far as staff members of the newspapers were concerned. Maybe some "stringers" or part-time space rate reporters for American papers were used, but even this was not common CIA pactice.

3. When detailed investigations by the House and Senate intelligence committees disthe United States official propaganda line.

What is troubling about this

and that the practice continued, is that President Ford does not again the CIA refused to co-simply issue an order to the CIA to stop the practice. Some of us have talked to him privately about it and he does not condone it, nor does he deny the intelligence committee's report that the practice continues.

> The dilemma is that he does not stop it himself or make available, in private if necessary, the information the media. the universities and the churches need to abolish the practice themselves.

It is common practice, of course, for communist governments to use what they call reporters as spies, and vice versa. Even some of the West European governments have used journalists as cover for their agents, but not until the Second World War did the United States Government consciously subvert its own resciously subvert its own reporters and academics.

The Senate intelligence committee report will now go to Congress for remedial action, and no doubt there will be closer control by Congress over the finances and covert opera-tions of the CIA. But this will

The CIA itself has been complaining, often with good cause, that the press was interfering with its legitimate intelligencegathering functions, particularly in the publishing of the pames of its spies. Here the reporters and others have some

phone to clear up the mess.— New York Times News Service.

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